

# Testing a Class I Appliance

The IEE Code of Practice for In-Service Testing and Inspection of Electrical Equipment recommends the following:

- 1.** Formal visual inspection **2.** Earth continuity **3.** Insulation resistance / Protective conductor current **4.** Functional checks

## 1 Formal visual inspection

The formal visual inspection should include the following as a minimum:

- a)** Is the fuse rating correct **b)** Is there damage to the casing **c)** Is there damage to the mains plug or cord

## 2



### ◀ Earth Continuity

A continuity test should be made between the earth pin of the mains plug and all exposed metal parts. This may require multiple tests on a single appliance.

## 3

### Insulation Resistance ▶

Appliances should not be touched whilst carrying out insulation resistance tests. All power switches must be in the 'on' position. All covers should be in place.



switch in 'ON' position



switch in 'ON' position

### ◀ Protective Conductor Current

The equipment must be switched on and so suitable precautions should be taken when testing equipment with moving parts or heating elements.

## 4 Functional Check

Ensure that the appliance is working properly.

Pass/Fail limits for Class I Equipment	
Earth continuity	$(0.1 + R) \times \text{ohms}$
Insulation resistance	1Mohm
Protective conductor current	Portable or hand-held Class I equipment - 0.75mA
	Class I Heating appliances - 0.75mA or 0.75mA per kW whichever is greater, with a maximum of 5mA
	Other Class I equipment - 3.5mA

# Testing a Class II Appliance

The IEE Code of Practice for In-Service Testing and Inspection of Electrical Equipment recommends the following:

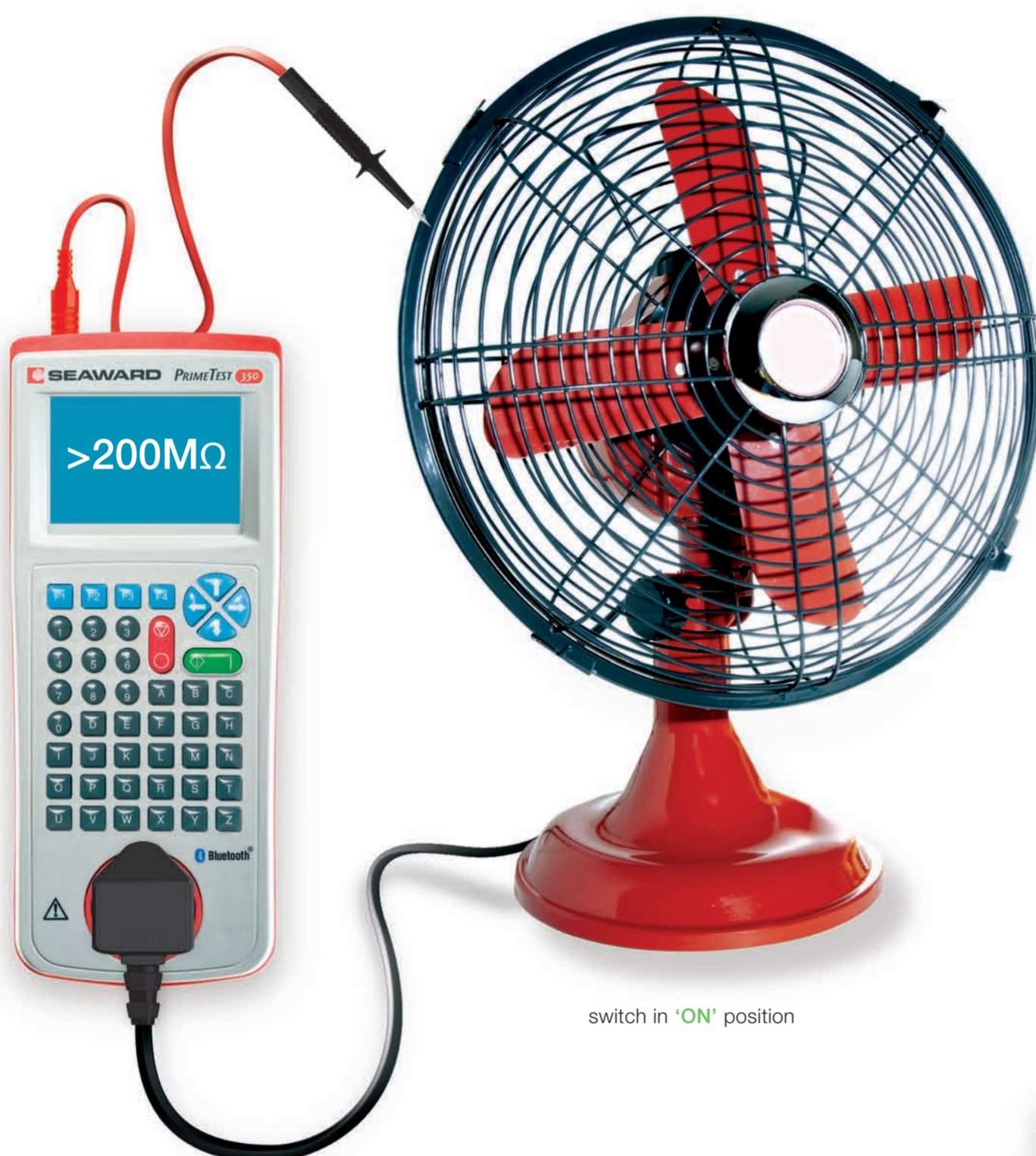
1. Formal visual inspection
2. Insulation resistance / Touch current
3. Functional checks

## 1 Formal visual inspection

The formal visual inspection should include the following as a minimum:

- a) Is the fuse rating correct b) Is there damage to the casing c) Is there damage to the mains plug or cord

## 2



switch in 'ON' position

### ◀ Insulation Resistance

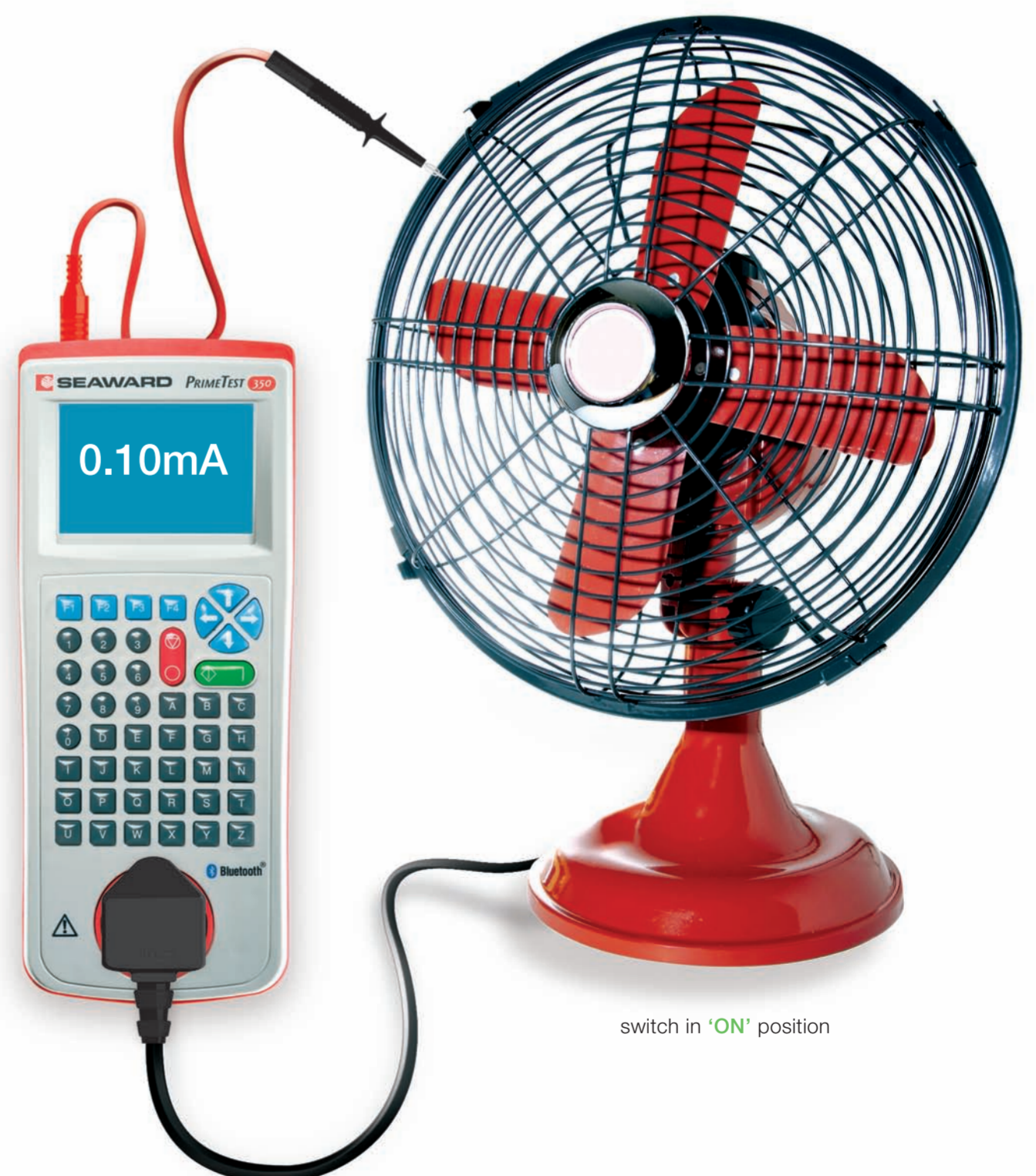
Appliances should not be touched whilst carrying out insulation resistance tests. All power switches must be in the 'on' position. All covers should be in place.

The test probe should be connected to any exposed metal parts or parts of the enclosure where the insulation may be suspect, for example, where conductive material may have accumulated.

### ▶ Touch Current

The test probe should be connected to any exposed metal parts or parts of the enclosure where the insulation may be suspect, for example, where conductive material may have accumulated.

The equipment must be switched on and so suitable precautions should be taken when testing equipment with moving parts or heating elements.



switch in 'ON' position

## 3 Functional check

Ensure that the appliance is working properly.

### Pass/Fail limits for Class II Equipment

Insulation resistance	2Mohms
Touch current	0.25mA